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6000 AMERICANS WATCH FIERCE BATTLE ON THE BORDER No Quarter Will Be Asked or Granted, Insurgents Declare

GEN. BLANCO MEETS WITH DEFEAT BATTLE WITH DIAZ TROOPS AND IS COMPELLED TO RETREAT

Six Thousand Americans Watch Attack Upon Agua Prieta During Which Eleven Federals and One Insurgent Are Left Dead on the Field

BODY OF 150 INSURGENTS AMBUSHED

More Than Fifty Killed, Eleven Severely Wounded and Twenty-Seven Captured at San Bartolito; Third Fight Reported at El Coyote, Federals Being Victorious

DOUGLAS, Ariz., March 12.—Eleven federal soldiers dead, eleven wounded, with the losses to the rebels unknown, was the result of a battle just east of Agua Prieta today.

The opposing forces were 500 insurgents under General Jose de la Luz Blanco, and a federal force of 300 directed by Colonel Mora.

The battle was spectacular and was witnessed by about 6000 Americans, many of whom rushed close to the battlefield while the fighting was still at its height. Blanco suddenly broke out and it was Americans in automobiles who gave the first aid to the wounded, carrying them to Agua Prieta, where two Mexican physicians were in readiness to treat the Mexican army surgeons.

If there were any rebels killed or wounded, they were not reported. It is understood that Blanco's forces were again advancing on Agua Prieta. The United States cavalry has turned up and will immediately take up its position on the border.

After mistaking both the Mexican of the Americans on the border, a week, Blanco suddenly broke out, the canyon leading from Centeno Springs and engaged the federal troops, who then rushed into Agua Prieta at night on a special train, under command of Colonel Mora. Except for a few prisoners taken by the federals, the rebels retreated in good order. It is understood that Blanco's entire force did not participate in the engagement.

Blanco's first move was to throw out a detachment of his forces to ascertain the federal line in action to ascertain their strength.

The battle lasted an hour and it is believed that the retreat that followed was the purpose of drawing the federals to the canyon where the main body of Blanco's forces was waiting.

Blanco, however, after a spirited pursuit, failed and returned to Agua Prieta, where he was ambushed.

Another attack is expected tonight. Three hundred federal troops are being sent from Cananea to the relief of the Agua Prieta garrison and should reach there tomorrow.

Both the Mexican authorities and the Americans in Douglas learned early today that the federal camp was only a few miles east of Douglas, and immediately took into foothills about four miles from Douglas, the ground falling from the hills toward town in a series of draws, sparsely covered with light brush. There are no rocks for protection.

By 5 o'clock the rebels were seen running over a little hill and pouring down the side draw from the international line.

The Americans began a rush from the boundary by thousands, shouting and waving their flags, and the movements with field glasses.

Automobiles streamed out from all directions, and the entire country around the American customhouse to the east and outside of the city was a solid mass of spectators.

Rebels Seen Advancing. When it was seen that the rebels were advancing on the town, the commissario police in Agua Prieta, Laborio Vasquez, telephoned to Captain Johnston, commander of the Third United States Cavalry at Douglas, and within fifteen minutes the troops had galloped through the city and had established a perfect line along the line. The troops went only about their business of preventing anyone crossing the international line on either side.

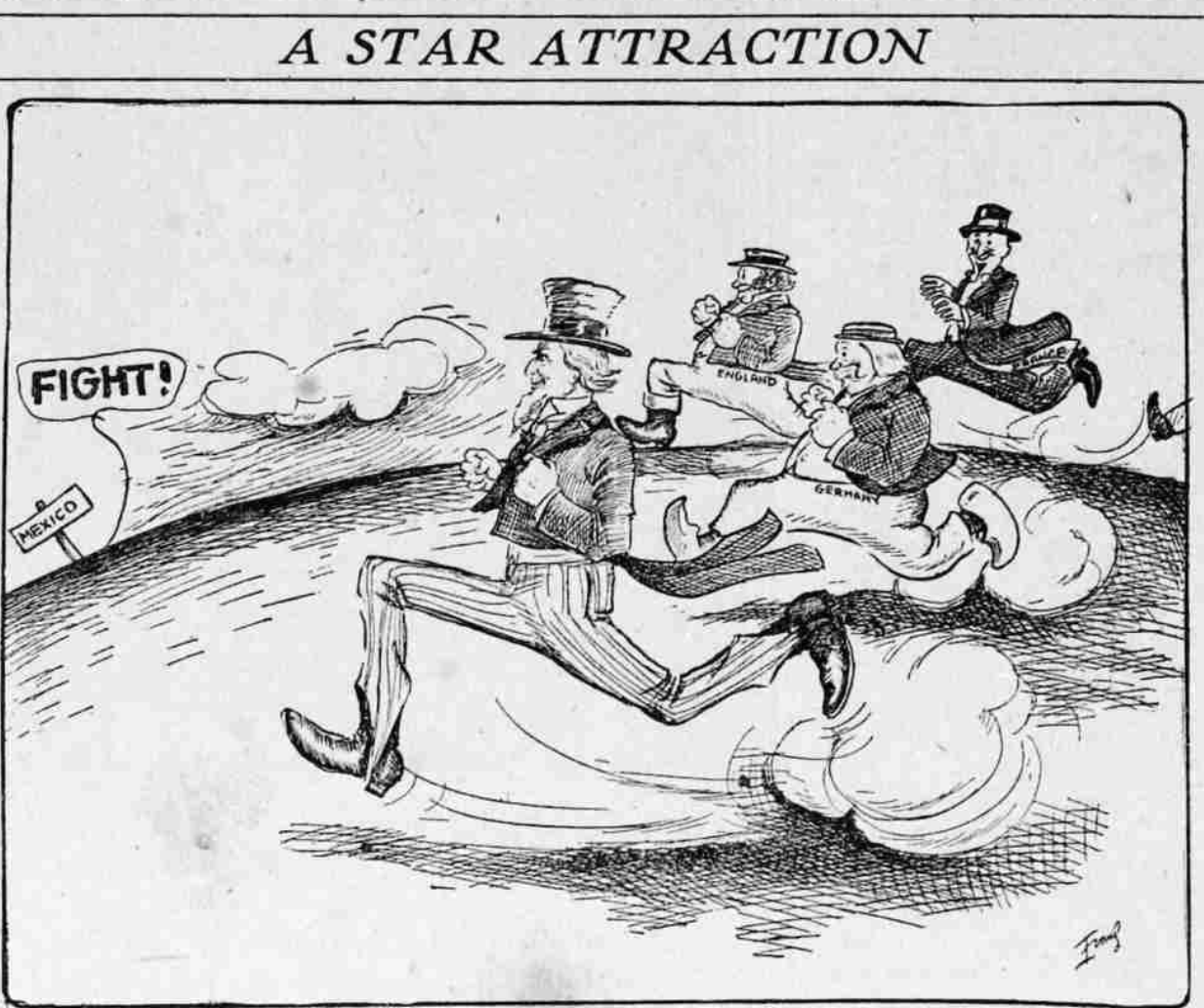
From Agua Prieta a long line of federal troops swept up over the bare mesa, leaving a trail of smoke and dust, and approaching from the east.

The forces nearest the federal camp, a half mile from the rebels, the federal force was waiting. The federal force was waiting. The federal force was waiting.

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Interested Spectators

SNOWSLIDE KILLS FOUR, INJURES ONE ONE ENTOMBED MAN IS RESCUED ALIVE BRAVES FLAMES TO SAVE MAN'S LIFE

Avalanche Destroys Boarding-House at Gold King Mine in Southwestern Colorado. Captain Benny Taken From Elba Mine at Gilbert, Minn., Badly Injured. William Redigkeit Crawls Into Burning Building and Rescues Chris Gebhardt.

THREE OF THE DEAD WOMEN TWO COMPANIONS ARE DEAD FIRE IN BINGHAM'S HEART Destroys Two Structures and Threatens the Business District of Bingham.

Slide Comes Without Warning and Victims Have No Chance to Escape. Ten Bodies Taken Out of the Norman Pit, Fifteen Others Remaining Below.

DENVER, March 12.—Four were killed and one injured by a snowslide that destroyed the boarding house at Gold King mine, near Gladstone, in southwestern Colorado, today. Wires to that part of the state are working badly and details are meager.

Information received tonight from Telluride, eight miles west of Gladstone, states that hundreds of tons of rock swept the boarding house into a deep canyon. The five occupants had no chance to escape.

Boarding House Manager F. O. Drue was held fast by the heavy timbers. Though not seriously injured, he was unable to extricate himself to go to the aid of his less fortunate companions, whose cries were heard for some time after the avalanche.

The dead are: MRS. F. O. DRUE, wife of Manager Drue; MRS. CARRIE LEWIS; SAMUEL HOAR; MARIA FAINE.

Residents of Gladstone saw the slide. A rescue party was formed and hurried through the deep snow to the Gold King. When they arrived all were dead except Drue. His position was such that he was not released until eight hours later. His feet and hands were badly frozen, but otherwise he was not seriously hurt.

Working beneath masses of snow and ice, which threatened to come down any minute, the rescuers later today succeeded in recovering the four other bodies, which were taken through the snow to Silverton.

HOODOO FOLLOWS OWNERS OF THE HOPE DIAMOND Its Latest Purchasers, the Ned McLeans of Washington, Offer the Gem for Sale.

Special to The Tribune. WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Ned McLeans, who secured for the Hope diamond, the famous gem with the hoodoo reputation, have decided to part with their once-cherished treasure at a sacrifice. In other words, the parents of the "million-dollar baby" have become convinced that the diamond is a sure-enough hoodoo and that had luck follows its owners. So far no offers have been received.

FIRE EXTINGUISHED, BUT LOSS IS GREAT

KINGSTON, Jamaica, March 12.—The fire that broke out in the dockyards at Port Royal yesterday was gotten under control last night. The principal buildings and the machine shops were saved, but a large quantity of stores were destroyed.

DEATH OF MEMBER OF SWISS FEDERAL COUNCIL

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Word was received at the Swiss legation today of the death of Dr. E. Brenner, a member of the Swiss federal council.

He was elected to the council in 1897 and was president of the confederation in 1901 and 1903. He was 50 years old.

PANIC IN NORTHERN MEXICO; REBELS BESIEGE MANY TOWNS; FIFTEENTHS AT SAN ANTONIO

Insurgents Tearing Up Railroads and Cutting Wires With Feverish Activity. Fort Douglas Soldiers Make Better Time Than Any Regiment Yet Reported.

CRITICAL STAGE COMES IN MEXICAN REBELLION MAY BE SENT TO BORDER IN FEW HOURS, IS RUMOR

Women and Children Cut Off From Food Supplies and Rendered Helpless. Heavy Rain Causes Discomfort, as Men Have Protection Only of Shelter Tents.

EL PASO, March 12.—Conditions bordering on panic reign almost throughout northern Mexico tonight. Stirred by the belief that the revolutionary movement has reached a critical stage, the insurgents in the states of Chihuahua are reported to have renewed activities in tearing up railroads and telegraph wires. Numerous towns, according to reports, are under siege by the insurgents and thousands of women and children, cut off from food supplies, are rendered helpless.

Following the receipt of corrected details concerning the battle at Casas Grandes, a town of about 500 people, about 150 miles southwest of El Paso, where eighty men were killed last Monday, news reached here of a fight at noon today at Agua Prieta, on the border across the river from Douglas, Ariz. Five hundred insurgents attacked 300 federal troops, but were repulsed, with a total of thirty-five dead and wounded on both sides. The fighting was short and the insurgents, armed only with rifles, soon scattered under fire of a machine gun.

Casas Grandes Fight. What is believed to be a reliable report from Casas Grandes, Chihuahua, states that fifteen Americans were killed and seventeen Mexicans were taken prisoners. The following, at first reported as killed, are known to have escaped: Lieutenant Colonel Giuseppe Garibaldi, Raoul Madero, brother of Francisco I. Madero, so-called provisional president of the insurgents; Captain Gutierrez de Lara, and Lieutenant Valencia of El Paso. Captain Edwards May, Mexican of Madero's personal staff, was not killed, but was taken prisoner. Raoul Madero was wounded.

R. F. Harrington, a former sergeant in the United States army, who lived at El Paso, Robert E. Lee and Robert Evans of San Francisco, and Roy Glenn, a boy of Mineral Springs, Tex., were killed. The names of other Americans killed taken prisoner are not known. A letter written by Madero was received here today in which he denies he made another attack on the town after the capture of the federal forces. He says he has gathered a force of 1000 men and is now within a few miles of the town. His explanation of the death of the federal scouts, sent out to reconnoiter before the attack, failed to report the coming of Colonel Cuellar with a federal detachment, is that the scouts were killed by the federal forces.

The scouts, he said, had been shot. "No Quarter" Given or Taken. The news from Mexico City that President Diaz decided to take advantage of provisions of the constitution so that summary death may be imposed upon the rebels, has spread throughout the insurgent ranks. The reply through insurgent sympathizers as sufficient protection against an attack is to hold the towns and villages in the small towns scattered throughout the war zone.

No word has come from the city of Chihuahua for seven days. It is reported that insurgents are camped around the city, twelve miles distant, in each direction and are successful in maintaining a stoppage of train and telegraph communication both north and south. When the last word was received seven days ago, it was said the food question already had become critical, and that the insurgents were planning to bring enough men here to recruit the division to a peace footing.

Rebels in many small towns. Hospital corps, Battery E from Fort Wayne, a second section of the Eighteenth infantry and the remainder of the engineer corps arrived today. Every precaution is being taken to avoid such disturbances as the riot at Galveston.

ASKS HIS CONGREGATION TO ACCEPT RESIGNATION

Rev. Charles Aked, Rockefeller's Pastor, Believes He Can Do Better Work Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The Rev. Charles Aked submitted a resignation to the members of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church today in explanation of his acceptance of a call to the First Congregational church in San Francisco.

"To you who know the facts," it said, "the stories about dissension and quarrels and such like are merely foolish. From the moment I landed on these shores four years ago until the moment when I read my statement last Sunday, there had been no quarrel between me and any members of the church. I am resigning the pastorate here because I believe I can do better work elsewhere."

Dr. Aked added that he had had three calls from Kansas, and that he was now going to close his mind entirely against any thought of returning to England. I still believe that the best work of my life is to be done under the American flag and in fellowship of the American churches.

Dr. Aked requested that his resignation be accepted as early as possible and the assistant pastor, Dr. Addison Moore said today that action probably would be taken next Wednesday evening.

MILITARY TRAINS USELESS

The Mexican federal troops have been provided with a "military train" by which they hoped to be able to carry supplies to the isolated districts, but the burning of the bridges and the blowing up of the tracks for miles has made the plan impossible. The trains are steel-covered and provided with loopholes for the action of machine guns.

The best information obtainable here as to the strength of the opposing sides in Sonora and Chihuahua states that the federal army under General Navarro has a total of 5000 men, of whom 2000 are in Chihuahua City, 400 in Juarez and the rest scattered, while the insurgents under Madero and General Pascual Orozco have about an equal number, but with no one force larger than 1000.

In his letter Madero announced he had taken prisoner and would hold for trial Colonel Jose Soto, a member of his own army.

AMERICAN AVIATORS MAKE FLIGHTS IN JAPAN

OSAKA, Japan, March 12.—"Bud" Mars and Captain T. S. Baldwin, the American aviators, made three successful flights here today in the presence of 400,000 spectators.

Prince Kunyoshi Kunt, grandson of the emperor, was present and complimented the aviators on the success of their feats. This was the first demonstration of aviation in Japan.

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